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**FOR PURE MILK.**

In his recent report to the city commissioners, Dr. Paul D. Mossman, of the United States Public Health Service, called attention to the advisability of appointing an inspector for the milk supply of this city, recommending a system of scoring, and recognition for the dairyman who shows the highest score each month. Dr. Mossman believes that "with the defects of each dairy pointed out to the owner and the inducement of publicity, for improvement, that better conditions would result and a vastly superior quality of milk would be offered to the people of Pensacola."

In his examination of conditions here, while the scoring system was not adhered to in the survey, suggestions and criticisms were offered dairymen and subsequent inspections have shown that these bore fruit, according to Dr. Mossman, who thinks that more permanent results will be secured through this plan than through wholesale prosecutions, which he believes would only discourage and antagonize the dairymen and cut down the supply of milk coming into the city.

Whatever plan is worked out for the improvement of the dairy problem, basing opinion upon the report of Dr. Mossman to the city commissioners, it seems certain that some steps should be taken, and at once, to better existing conditions.

According to Dr. Mossman's report he visited thirty-four dairies once and most of them of ten. Twenty-two of these were located outside the city limits. Dr. Mossman declares in his report that of the dairies outside the city limits, and which from his report are greatly in the majority, that "several are quite well equipped and efficiently operated." But that "the difficulty with some of them is that they are run by men who have not sufficient capital to do the thing properly, and not enough training in dairying to know when it is done properly."

Of the dairies in the city, Dr. Mossman says the majority have only one or two cows, and are not equipped to do dairying properly.

As regards compliance with the city ordinance, Dr. Mossman states that out of the thirty-four dairies examined by him twenty-two did not have a tight floor in the barn; only thirteen had clean barns, only two had small-top milk pails; ten had flies in the milk room; eight did not have the milk room screened; while thirteen had no milk room at all, but did the handling of the milk, such as the straining, bottling, etc., in the kitchen, on the open gallery, or some other such place. Very few of the dairies were found to have adequate facilities for sterilizing of bottles, and utensils.

Sixty-five samples of milk from various dairies were examined by State Bacteriologist F. A. Brink, and of these five showed a butter-fat of less than the legal limit and twelve had a bacterial count of more than the limit of 500,000 prescribed by the city ordinance.

Judging from Dr. Mossman's report, the milk ordinance on the statute books, which is acknowledged to be a good one, is being paid small recognition.

There has recently been some agitation for an increase in the price of milk to the consumer, but if the dairies in the city and near-by territory are in the condition described by Dr. Mossman in his report to the city commissioners, there seems no valid reason for paying a higher price for milk that is already acknowledged to be of inferior quality, if not a menace to the consumer.

If, as Dr. Mossman pointed out, many of the dairies are being operated by men with insufficient capital and who lack training to fit them for the business, and if the careless handling of milk obtains as the report indicates, it would seem to be not only advisable, but imperative, for the safe-guarding of the public health, to take some steps, amicable if possible, drastic, if need be, and insure at least a reasonably pure milk supply to the people of the territory covered in his survey.

**LAWS OF OCCUPATION.**

In view of the probability that the Allied troops will remain in the Rhineland of Germany for some time to come, it is interesting to know the exact status of these troops, their duties, and the scope and limitations of their powers. It may not be generally known that such an army of occupation is bound by definitely laid down rules of international law, and these rules cover almost every emergency which might arise.

One of the first rules laid down is that the commander-in-chief of an army of occupation cannot compel any of the inhabitants to take an oath of allegiance of any kind. The Germans in the Rhineland will, however, be expected to help the French, British and American armies in every way they are asked, except war work of any kind, and to obey any reasonable orders that may be given to them.

None of the ordinary civil laws will be altered in the occupied German territory, and if a German commits a crime that is not a war crime, he will be punished in his own law courts, which will carry on much as though there were no army of occupation.

If he commits any crime against our troops, however, as, for example, attempting to shoot a soldier or assault him, he will be dealt with by one of the Allied military courts and not by his own judges.

The financial affairs of the Rhineland come under the control of the Allies commander-in-chief. He will appoint officials to collect all the proper taxes already in force, and after he has paid the expenses of collection to the officials and so on, he can use what remains for the Allied troops.

But if he collects local taxes, such as the poor rate, he must not take any part of it for the use of the army, but use it for the purpose for which it is collected. Only State taxes, such as the tobacco tax, can be taken by the army of occupation.

The Allied armies take over the administration of all means of transport, public and private, in the Rhineland. All railways, motor cars, horse and canal traffic, will be under their control, as well as the telegraphs and telephones. A German may, if he likes, send a private telegram, however, so long as the wires are not being used by the military.

One of the most stringent laws which is laid down for an army of occupation is that it shall allow absolute freedom of worship; but, on the other hand, the clergy must not make any reference from their pulpits to incite their congregations against the troops.

The Allied commander-in-chief, too, will allow all schools to continue as though the Allied troops weren't there, but here again the teachers must not say anything against the Allied soldiers.

The Germans in the occupied territories will not be allowed to communicate with the German government in Berlin save for peaceful purposes. They are not allowed to take any orders from Berlin except those of which the Allies approve, or they are liable to be shot at once.

One of the strictest laws about occupied territory applies to the press. The Allied commander-in-chief is allowed to suppress any German newspaper he likes in the occupied territory, and limit the circulation of any he allows to be published. He will probably order, for this is the usual custom, that one or more copies of every newspaper shall be read in proof by the Allied army authorities before it is published.

As long as the Germans refrain from hostile acts, however, the life of an ordinary civilian in the occupied country under the Allies will not be very different from when it was unoccupied. He won't be quite as free in his movements, that is all.

**WORK OF RED CROSS**

Provost Marshall General Crowder is of the opinion that the work of the Red Cross will be increased rather than diminished by the arrival of peace. Discussing the Christmas roll call of the Red Cross recently he made the following statement regarding the necessity of the organization continuing its work at home and abroad:

"The need for the Red Cross does not terminate with the cessation of hostilities—rather are its usefulness and its scope increased. With the war at end, the Red Cross must turn its hand to the rehabilitation of devastated Europe not only in the late theatres of operation but in all those fields just delivered from hostile occupation and among all those people who for more than four years have felt the heel of German possession. To embarrass its activities at this time is to add misery and suffering."

One reason why Germany and Austria were able to keep going during the war, and that in spite of the blockade, is that they have a greater acreage of forest than any other European country except Russia. Twenty-six acres out of each hundred of Germany's area are forest; and Austria has even more, forest covering thirty-two acres of each hundred. These countries, therefore, had plenty of raw material for pit props, railway ties, trench timber and duck boards, as well as for paper and explosives.

**Vox Populi**

The Rev. Dr. N. D. Webber, pastor of the First Christian church, denies that he made certain statements that have been attributed to him in regard to Sunday closing laws. He says:

"In the interview published in your issue of the 29th I am made to say I favored putting a ban on the old gang, etc. I never said such a silly and pointless thing, but, in a private conversation with your reporter, after stating that I believed in law enforcement and that was all I cared to say for publication, I said that the old gang was opposed to Solicitor Mackey, just as they always were opposed to, or fought, every decent thing. It is not for a public official to decide which laws he will enforce. To discriminate is anarchy. Commissioner Fou makes the same complaint, that the moment he gives orders for law enforcement this element opposes him. What our papers call 'blue' laws are enforced in nearly every state in the union. A wide-open Sunday is the exception not the rule. Sunday closing is based upon the idea that citizens are entitled to a rest day as well as other toilers and the labor unions today are doing more than the churches to prevent unnecessary labor on Sunday. But if the people of Florida do not like these laws they can repeal them. If our laws are to be treated as mere scraps of paper the splendid victory over German faithlessness will not avail to preserve our cherished institutions."

**Editor The Journal:**

Your editorial in yesterday's Journal on "Mobilizing Peace Forces" is both timely and constructive, and it is along such lines of thought that all editors and preachers should talk.

A new era has dawned on the world. As yet men and women in general cannot tell what it means. They feel that things can never again be as they were before 1914, and we feel that the future holds greater problems to be solved than the past.

During the past four years the world has been creating its armies for the production of millions of deaths. It is our duty now to create new armies for the production of the millions of life.

The direct cause of all four years past and present increasing suffering was the barbaric outbreak of one nation.

Germany, like a mad dog, ran rampant for four long years, biting to death thirty odd millions of human beings.

During the next four months, at least twenty millions more will starve through famine conditions in Russia, Roumania, Poland, Finland and among the Czechs and Jugo-Slavs. In all these regions, whereas there has been about five millions of deaths by war, deaths by starvation already in the same period have amounted to twenty millions.

Armenia has been given over to massacre. No food could be grown except by secret sowing. Russia has been torn by external and internal discord, and is still in this condition. There is a complete disruption of the transportation and normal business.

Under three years of famine Poland has lost one-fourth of her population. Our food administration reports that it is no exaggeration to say that the black shadow of hunger which hangs over Europe, in its spirit and evil possibilities, hangs over the whole world. The accumulated wickedness of Germany is the direct cause of this flood of human woe.

What then is the cause of Germany's wickedness?

Simply world ambition to control trade. Her many false teachings, her so-called "kultur" and her armies were only the tools with which she hoped to forge her world wide empire of commercialism.

The free democracies of the world slew her unholy ambition and today Germany is a wreck, fast drifting into anarchy, and fear is felt by many that Europe will yet be engulfed.

The system of competitive living as symbolized in the one word "commercialism," has always, since the fall of Adam, been existent in the world. Under this system the world has progressed to its present state of development. This system has nevertheless always had the hidden element of injustice ingrained within itself, but the last fifty years have witnessed such an increase of world wealth through the development of labor saving machines that this hidden injustice of this system has been made manifest; first by Germany's outbreak of militarism and now, after the surrender of militarism, by a rising tide of anarchy. The very fact that the world has lived at least six thousand years of recorded life and that only the past fifty years has produced the multitude of labor saving and wealth increasing machinery, must convince the thinking man that the hand of the Lord only could effect such a quick change in the world. Realizing this to be a fact it behooves us to remember that the Lord would not be punishing us today as He is doing if we were using these blessings in accordance with His divine law of justice.

We have applied these blessed toil saving machines under commercialism for selfish ends. Christ says it is more blessed to give than to receive. Commercialism says it is more blessed to receive than to give.

We are seeing today the fruits of the devil's teaching through commercialism in the rivers of tears and pain and the cries of hunger of millions of strong men, to say nothing of the poor and helpless widows and orphans.

Is it not now time to listen to Christ's teachings? Our brave boys who died that we might live, have given it. Surely every mother's son who fell on the field of glory had their dying agony stopped as the ministering angels whispered these words: "It is more blessed to give than to receive. Surely millions of mothers today have had their scared hearts healed by these words of truth. It is time for us to begin to begin the creation of our armies to produce and distribute the munitions of life. Every sermon, every miracle and every act of healing that Christ gave was given

**THE LURE OF THE SHARK**

free, without money and without price.

In pursuit of His teaching likewise, everything the army for the production and distribution of the munitions of life, should be given to the world without money and without price. The widow's mite should balance the millions of the rich, but all should give their all, according to ability, and like the miracle of the loaves and fishes, the supply would never run short. Let our pulpits and press take up the call. America has always and still leads the world. The foundation of the United States of America was laid by God for a purpose. So far she has seen her duty and done it well, and I for one believe she has seen the new light and will continue to be the instrument used by the Lord.

Let the preachers think.  
 J. B. Vaughn.

**GARNIERS BAYOU.**

Garniers, Jan. 1.—W. N. Hartgrove returned Tuesday from Panama City in time to be with his family on Christmas Day.

Mrs. W. N. Hartgrove and son, W. N., Jr., called on Mrs. R. C. Irwin and also at Camp Walton last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Hand entertained their son Louis and his bride last week. Mr. Hand and son, W. T., went to Pensacola on the launch Bertha and returned with their son, Louis, and wife, and after remaining a week, Mr. Hand took them back to Pensacola.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Hand gave a Christmas dinner in honor of their son Louis and bride and Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Hartgrove and son, were also guests.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Hand, W. T. and Louis Hand and wife called on Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Crowder in Five Mile Bayou, and also took in the dance, at the dye plant on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Hartgrove entertained Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hand, of Pensacola, at dinner Friday. Mr. and Mrs. E. R. McKee spent Christmas at the home of Mrs. Ideil Crooks at Freeport. They returned to Garniers on Friday.

Mrs. E. A. Mooney returned home from Panama City and Crestview on Saturday after an absence of two weeks.

Jackwell trial and spent some time visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. White and W. H. Spivey at Crestview.

Mrs. S. M. Johnson and children called on Mrs. W. N. Hartgrove Sunday.

W. N. Hartgrove is having an attack of erisipellis in his left limb, which is very painful. He is confined to the house.

**FRENCH BARK, McMAHON, MAKES PORT WITH BIG CARGO OF MAHOGANY LOGS**

The French bark, McMahon, 1900 tons, with a cargo of mahogany logs from West Africa, consigned to Mengel Bros., Louisville, is expected in port today and will immediately begin unloading.

A wireless message was sent in yesterday to have a tug come out and pilot the vessel in, but the dense fog prevented the Nellie from finding her.

**YACHT MARY KETTLER PORTS IN PENSACOLA**

The yacht Mary Kettler, which bears the name of Mrs. Kettler, wife of C. C. Kettler, president of the Pensacola Shipbuilding company, is an addition to the sea craft in the harbor. The yacht is used by the officials of the company.

**The Expectant Mother**

"The Shadow of Coming Events" often darkens the days of the expectant mother.

Constipation, always a handicap to the health and happiness of every woman, becomes doubly dangerous to the woman who is preparing to fulfill her highest duty—maternity.

The expectant mother must nourish two. She must be able to get rid of a double waste. Failure to do so poisons herself and the child that she is to bring into the world.

Constipation means more than mere failure to have a regular thorough bowel evacuation. It means stagnation of waste matter in the bowels, production of irritant and poisonous matter, its absorption into the blood and distribution all over the body.

It means aggravation of all these discomforts that attend the period of pregnancy. It contributes to the tragedies of childbirth. It prejudices the ability of the mother to nurse her child after it has been born.

And, it is dangerous to employ pills, castor oil, purgative mineral waters, salts, etc., that force the bowels to act.

But the Nujol Treatment for Constipation is not only harmless but in every way efficient.

Nujol helps Nature to re-establish natural, thorough, bowel evacuation, regular as clockwork.

Nujol is absolutely harmless.

Nujol is not absorbed. It cannot affect the child. It is easy and pleasant to take.

Best of all, Nujol not only overcomes constipation, but it hinders the formation of poisons in the bowels, absorbs and carries them out of the body, thus preventing complications. Get Nujol from your druggist and take according to directions.

**Warning:** NUJOL is sold only in sealed bottles bearing the Nujol Trade Mark. Insist on Nujol. You may suffer from substitutes.

**Nujol Laboratories**  
 STANDARD OIL CO. (NEW JERSEY)  
 50 Broadway, New York

